

73123 and 73124—Continued.

73123. ACACIA SCORPIOIDES (L.) W. F. Wight
(*A. arabica* Willd.). Mimosaceae.

According to J. H. Holland (Useful Plants of Nigeria, pt. II, p. 288), a large proportion of the gum arabic of commerce is furnished by this tree, which is native to northern Africa and southwestern Asia. True gum arabic, however, is said to come only from another species, *Acacia senegal*. The pods and bark of *A. scorpioides* are used for tanning, and the leaves and young pods are sometimes fed to cattle. The wood is hard and durable and is used in India for making tools.

For previous introduction see No. 64663.

73124. OCHROMA LAGOPUS Swartz. Bombacaceae. Balsa wood.

A West Indian tree up to 18 meters high, with large yellowish white flowers. The extremely light wood is used for refrigeration purposes, insulation, and life preservers.

For previous introduction see No. 54332.

73125 to 73137. GOSSYPIUM spp. Malvaceae. Cotton.

From Kulikoro, Sudan, French West Africa. Seeds presented by R. H. Forbes, Compagnie Générale des Colonies. Received April 13, 1927.

73125. GOSSYPIUM ARBOREUM L.

Variety *Sanguineum*. Originally from Dahomey.

For previous introduction see No. 66870.

73126. GOSSYPIUM HERBACEUM L.

Korean silk.

73127 to 73129. GOSSYPIUM HIRSUTUM L.

73127. Cambodia. Originally from India.

73128. Hardwick 20.

73129. Over the top.

73130. GOSSYPIUM NANKING Meyen.

Karagani. Originally from India.

73131. GOSSYPIUM OBTUSIFOLIUM Roxb.

Originally from northern Nigeria.

For previous introduction see No. 67524.

73132. GOSSYPIUM PERUVIANUM Cav.

Originally from Dahomey.

For previous introduction see No. 65125.

73133 and 73134. GOSSYPIUM PUNCTATUM Schum. and Thonn.

73133. Koroniba, Eikasso.

73134. Soudan Francais.

73135. GOSSYPIUM sp.

Garrabe hills. Originally from India.

73136. GOSSYPIUM sp.

A kidney cotton.

73137. GOSSYPIUM sp.

Sea Island cotton originally from Dahomey.

73138. HERMODACTYLUS TUBEROSUS (L.) Mill. Iridaceae.

From Philadelphia, Pa. Tubers presented by Mrs. J. Norman Henry. Received May 16, 1927.

A hardy irislike plant a foot or more high with leaves 1 to 2 feet long and dark-purple and green flowers. Native to southern Europe.

73139. VIGNA CYLINDRICA (Stickm.) Skeels. Fabaceae. Catjang.

From Giza, Egypt. Seeds presented by Mah Abaza, director, horticultural section. Received May 13, 1927.

Lubia. A locally grown variety.

73140 to 73155.

From Darjiling, India. Seeds presented by G. H. Cave, curator, Lloyd Botanic Garden. Received April 21, 1927.

73140. ABIES SPECTABILIS Lambert (*A. webbiana* Lindl.). Pinaceae. Himalayan fir.

An Asiatic fir which, as described by W. J. Bean (Trees and Shrubs Hardy in the British Isles, vol. 1, p. 123), is a tree sometimes 150 feet high in its native home in the Himalayas. The dark-green leaves are arranged in two opposite series so as to leave a V-shaped opening along the top; the individual leaves are 1 to 2 inches long. The cones, about 5 inches long, are violet-purple at first, becoming brown.

For previous introduction see No. 65751.

73141. ACER PECTINATUM Wall. Aceraceae. Maple.

A small subtropical maple, with 5-lobed, heart-shaped leaves about 4 inches long. Native to Sikkim, India, at altitudes of 8,000 to 12,000 feet.

For previous introduction see No. 56455.

73142. ACONITUM LURIDUM Hook. f. and Thoms. Ranunculaceae.

A subtropical herbaceous ornamental perennial, 2 to 3 feet high, with dull-red flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 38994.

73143. AINSLIAEA PTEROPODA DC. Asteraceae.

An erect herbaceous perennial, native to the temperate Himalayas, with hairy oval or heart-shaped leaves and small heads of white flowers.

73144. ANAPHALIS CONTORTA (Don) Hook. f. Asteraceae.

A bushy subtropical perennial up to 2 feet high, with narrow-oblong leaves and white or yellowish flowers. Native to the temperate Himalayas.

73145. ASTER SIKKIMENSIS Hook. f. and Thoms. Asteraceae.

An erect subtropical perennial, about 3 feet high, with numerous blue flower heads. Native to Sikkim, India.

73146. ASTER TRICEPHALUS C. B. Clarke. Asteraceae.

A small vigorous subtropical herbaceous perennial, with reddish flower heads. Native to Sikkim, India.

73147. ASTILBE RIVULARIS Buch.-Ham. Saxifragaceae.

A subtropical herbaceous perennial with creeping rhizomes and yellowish white flowers borne on stems 5 feet high.

For previous introduction see No. 50362.

73148. BERBERIS NAPAULENSIS (DC.) Spreng. Berberidaceae. Barberry.

A fine ornamental shrub, which grows to a good size, with stiff, bright-green, thorny leaves, yellow flowers, and maroon-colored berries. Native to eastern Asia.

For previous introduction see No. 67676.